



Choose a model: FE FG FH FK FM

GROUP INDEX

FE.FG

SERVICE MANUAL 2002 Model FOREWORD

This Service Manual contains maintenance and repair methods for the Mitsubishi Fuso Truck FE, FG Series. Read this manual carefully as an aid in providing correct, efficient maintenance. Please note that the information and specifications contained within this manual may change without notice. This is due to product modifications and contined vehicle improvements that are made throughout the model years. Should you encounter any discrepancy in the information provided, please do not hesitate to contact your nearest Mitsubishi Fuso Dealer or Mitsubishi Fuso Truck of America, Inc.

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How to Read this Manual



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Service procedures







Exploded view

1





Service standards

(2)

ocation	Maintenance item		Standard value (Basic diameter in [])	Limit	Remedy
4 P	Pressure	Installed load (Installed length 49.1 {1.93})	885 N {200 lbf, 90.2 kgf}	750 N {170 lbf,76.7 kgf}	Replace
3	pring	Squareness	2.9 {0.11} or less	5.0 {0.20}	Replace
7 R	Release leve	r plate height	53.8±0.7 {2.12±0.028}	Relative difference 0.5 {0.020} maximum	Adjust
10, 13 C	Clearance between release lever pin and bushing		[10 {0.39}] 0.02 to 0.11 {0.00079 to 0.0043}	0.4 {0.016}	Replace
		Thickness	23.6±0.1 {0.93±0.0039}	21 {0.83}	Replace
14 P ▲ P	Pressure plate	Flatness	0.05 {0.0020} or less	0.2 {0.0079}	Correct or replace
▲		Strap bolt hole I.D.	10.2 to 10.25 {0.40 to 0.40}	10.5 {0.41}	Replace
umber(s)	NOTE) in this	column match the key num	ber(s) on the exploded	view ①.	

(3) Tightening torques



(4) Lubricants, fluids and/or sealants

ocation	Points of application	Specified lubricant	Quantity
3	Threads and spherical surface of support nut	Anti-seizure compound	As required
7, 12	Sliding surfaces of release lever plate and release lever	Molybdenum disulfide grease [NLGI No.2 (Li soap)]	As required
11, 12	Sliding surfaces of support lever and release lever	Molybdenum disulfide grease [NLGI No.2 (Li soap)]	As required
11, 14	Sliding surfaces of support lever and pressure plate	Molybdenum disulfide grease [NLGI No.2 (Li soap)]	As required
T Number(number((NOTE) (s) in this column match the key (s) on the exploded view ①.	The specified types/br	and are shown here.

Special tools

 $(\mathbf{5})$

Location	Tool name and shape	Part No.	Application	
8	Clutch Installer	MH061051	Removal and installation of clutch cover	
Num For shov	ber(s) in this column match the key r any special tool that is not a Mitsub rn; only the part number is given, as cial tools	number(s) on the hishi genuine par shown below.	exploded view ①. rt, no illustration is Application	
Num For shov	ber(s) in this column match the key r any special tool that is not a Mitsub rn; only the part number is given, as cial tools Tool name and shape Insertion Tool	number(s) on the hishi genuine par shown below. Part No. *910-24461	exploded view ①. rt, no illustration is Application Installation of O-ring	









HOW TO READ CIRCUITS (GROUP 54)



1 Index number: **110**

Each circuit has its own Index number respectively and has three digits (**110**). How to read index number

- By proper using of the index number, it is possible to locate right place immediately since the circuit drawing of this manual book are classified as function by function. (including "Power Circuit" (110) and "Ground Circuit" (130).)
- How to check the location of circuit drawing in each part
 The circuit drawing which can not be diagramed in one page due to its complicated structure (such as meter cluster

and electronic control unit etc.), has its remarked index number to be connected to other circuit drawing. (**401**), **910**, etc.)

2 Key number: A01~

Key number is the number to indicate the installation position of the parts, and is shown by A01 ~ Z. The details of the installation position are described in GROUP 10.

3 Code number: 001 ~

Code number is the number to indicate the one portion of the parts to be checked and has three digits (001).

The details of the parts to be checked are described in GROUP 11.

- 4 Part name
- 5 Connector type

Connectors are shown by i without mentioning Male or Female and in the box it is described model of connector, number of terminals and its classification, etc.

Table of connectors is described in GROUP 14.

- 6 Number of terminal at connector Terminal numbers of connector are shown by figures in the box.
- 7 Installation area of harness on the vehicle The location and boundary of the harnesses in the vehicle are shown in the each circuit drawing and it may help to check mounting position of connectors.



- 8 Circuits for other specification for other model or type
- 9 Examples of terminal connector numbering

As it is shown, for female connectors, with placing the lock upward then starting to put numbers from the upper left. And when it is male connector, put numbers from the upper right, also with placing the lock upward.

10 Circuit number, color of wire, and cross section of conductor are shown in circuit drawings.



Except for 0.5mm², Wire thickness is described in the circuit drawing. The reason why only wire thickness, 0.5 mm² is not described in the drawings is 0.5mm² is so common and so that the circuit drawing can be seen more easily.

(Examples) 0.5mm²: <u>Y</u>

0.85mm²: <u>0.85 — LY</u> 3mm²: <u>3 — B</u>

11 Grounding point

The actual locations of grounding points on the vehicle are shown. Refer to **130** for detailed information.

12 Wire connection

When the wires are connected into one point of the harnesses, the circuit drawing shows "Arrow mark".

CAUTION !

Be careful that direction of the arrow does not show the direction of the electric current flow.

• Wire Colors

Example: WB means a wire whose ground color is white and whose stripe is black.



Wire g	round color	Wire ground color + Stripe									
W	White	WR	White red	WB	White black	WL	White blue	WG	White green		
В	Black	BW	Black white	BY	Black yellow	BR	Black red				
R	Red	RW	Red white	RB	Red black	RY	Red yellow	RG	Red green	RL	Red blue
Y	Yellow	YR	Yellow red	YB	Yellow black	YG	Yellow green	YL	Yellow blue	YW	Yellow white
G	Green	GW	Green white	GR	Green red	GY	Green yellow	GB	Green black	GL	Green blue
Br	Brown	BrW	Brown white								
L	Blue	LW	Blue white	LR	Blue red	LY	Blue yellow	LB	Blue black	LO	Blue orange
Lg	Yellow green	LgR	Yellow green red	LgY	Yellow green yellow	LgB	Yellow green black	LgW	Yellow green white		
0	Orange										
Р	Pink	PB	Pink black								

• Shield Wire

A shield wire is clearly identified as follows:

Example



• Twist wire

Twist wires are made by twisting the core of wires by the constant pitch. Example:



@ 43533

The terms in this manual are defined as follows.

• This service manual contains important cautionary instructions and supplementary information under the following four headings which identify the nature of the instructions and information:

DANGER <u>A</u>	Precautions that should be taken in handling potentially dangerous substances such as battery fluid and coolant additives.
WARNING 🕂 ———	Precautionary instructions, which, if not observed, could result in serious injury or death.
CAUTION <u>M</u>	Precautionary instructions, which, if not observed, could result in damage to or destruc- tion of equipment or parts.
NOTE	Suggestions or supplementary information for more efficient use of equipment or a better understanding.

• Front and rear

The terms "front" is the fan side and "rear" the flywheels side of the engine.

Left and right

The terms "right" and "left" shall be used to indicate the side as viewed from the flywheel side of the engine.

Terms of service standards

(1) Standard value

Standard value dimensions in designs indicating: the design dimensions of individual parts, the standard clearance between two parts when assembled, and the standard value for an assembly part, as the case may be. The figure in [] is the basic diameter.

(2) Limit

When the value of a part exceeds this, it is no longer serviceable in respect of performance and strength and must be replaced or repaired.

• Tightening torque

Appropriate tightening torque has particular importance in respect of performance. Accordingly, tightening torque is specified in locations that are to be tightened.

Where there is no specified figure for tightening torque, follow the table covering standard tightening torques.

When the item is to be tightened in a "wet" state, wet is indicated. Where there is no indication, read it as dry, and tighten at specified torque.



Group 00 General



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MODEL CODING SYSTEM

Equipment Model

Equipment name	Model description	Code description
Engine	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 No. of cylinders (4 : Four cylinders) Stands for diesel engine Series number Version number With turbocharger
Clutch	C 4 W 30	 Disk outer diameter Facing material (W : Woven) Loading capacity of major type (tonnage) Stands for clutch
Transmission	M 035 S 5	 No. of forward speeds Meshing (S : Synchromesh A : Automatic) Loading capacity of major type (tonnage) Stands for transmission
Propeller shaft	P 3	 Loading capacity of major type (tonnage) Stands for propeller shaft
Reduction and differential	D 033 H	 Teeth shape (H : hypiod gear) Loading capacity of major type (tonnage) Stands for reduction and differential

POWER TRAIN TABLE



*a: Torque cut when 1st/reverse is selected

*b: Torque cut when 4WD/Low is selected

00

CHASSIS NUMBER AND ENGINE NUMBER

The serial numbers for chassis and engines are assigned to the respective vehicles and engines in manufacturing sequence: every vehicle and engine has its own numbers. These numbers are required for registration and incidental inspection of the vehicle. Please do not fail to mention these numbers to the dealers when ordering spare parts.



Chassis number

Chassis number **1** is punch-marked on the frame by the left-side front wheel.





Engine number

Engine number 2 is punch-marked on the left side of the crankcase.

Example : <u>4D34</u>-000000





POWER TRAIN LABEL



Power train label **1** located in the position illustrated indicates the vehicle model, chassis number and information relevant to the vehicle's power - train components.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



The vehicle identification number is punch-marked on the plate, which is attached in the position as illustrated.

00

The vehicle identification number consists of a 17-digit set of alphanumeric characters. Each digit represents the following specifications.

- ① Country
- 2 Make
- ③ Vehicle type
- ④ Gross vehicle weight/Brake system
- 5 Line
- 6 Series (Wheelbase)
- ⑦ Cab chassis type
- 8 Engine
- 9 Check digit
- Model year
- 1 Plant

- J: Japan
- W: Mitsubishi Fuso
- 6: Incomplete Vehicle
- 7: Truck A: 10001 to 14000 lbs/Hydraulic
- B: 14001 to 16000 lbs/Hydraulic
- A: FE639
- B: FE649
- G: FG639
- H: FE640
- K: FE640□W
- L: FG649
- C: 2.6 to 2.98 m {8.53 to 9.48 ft.}
- E: 3.2 to 3.49 m {10.49 to 11.44 ft.}
- F: 3.5 to 3.79 m {11.48 to 12.43 ft.}
- H: 4.1 to 4.39 m {13.45 to 14.40 ft.}
- 1: Chassis cab
- 3: Mixer
- H: 3.907 ℓ Diesel turbocharged and charge air cooled
- S: 4.899 ℓ Diesel turbocharged and charge air cooled
- 2: 2002
- K: Kawasaki-1
- L: Kawasaki-2
- M: Kawasaki-3
- 1 Plant sequential number

PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE OPERATION

DANGER 🥂

This product contains or emits chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

In order to determine the condition of the vehicle adequately, keep records of the accumulated mileage, operating condition, what the customer's complaint is, and other information that may be necessary. Prepare steps to be taken to perform efficient maintenance procedures.



Determine where the fault exists and check for the cause to see whether removal or disassembly of the part is necessary. Then follow the procedure specified by this manual.



Perform maintenance work on level ground. Prepare the following.

• To prevent the seats, upholstery, floor and bodywork from being spoiled or scratched, cover with workshop sheet cover(s).



• Prepare general and special tools necessary for the maintenance work.

WARNING 🕂 -

Do not attempt to use tools other than special tools where use of special tools is specified in this manual. This will avoid injury or damage.



When jacking up the vehicle to work under the vehicle, carry out the following preparatory work:

- Chock the wheels on both sides.
- Jack up the vehicle using a garage jack.
- Support the frame on rigid jack stands.

WARNING 🕂 -

- Chock the wheels securely so the vehicle does not move.
- Do not remove the chocks until the entire operation is completed.
- Supporting a vehicle on a garage jack only is extremely dangerous, so always support the frame on rigid jack stands.
- Leave the garage jack and rigid jack stands in place until the entire operation is completed. Never remove them during the operation.



When tilting the cab, be sure to insert the safety pin into the cab stay so that the cab stay remains locked and is not released when the cab is tilted.

Pay special attention to safety when removing or installing heavy items such as engines, transmissions and axles.

When lifting up heavy items using cables, pay special attention to the following points:

• Check the mass of the item to be lifted and use a cable capable of lifting that mass.



- 14195
- If you do not have the specified lifting hanger, secure the item using cable taking the point-of-balance of the item into consideration.



• You must work in a position where you will not be injured even if the cable comes undone and the lifted item falls.

PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE OPERATION



Be particularly careful not to work in shoes that have oily soles and are slippery. When working as a team of two or more, arrange signals in advance and keep confirming safety. Be careful not to accidentally bump switches or levers.



Check for oil leakage before cleaning the area having the fault otherwise you might miss detecting the leakage.

Prepare replacement part(s) beforehand.



Replace oil seals, packing, O-rings and other rubber parts; gaskets and split pins with new parts whenever any of them has been removed. Use only genuine MITSUBISHI replacement parts.



일비린

On disassembly, visually inspect all parts for wear and tear, cracks, damage, deformation, degradation, rust, corrosion, smoothness in rotation, fatigue, clogging and any other possible defect.

00



Put alignment marks on part combinations before disassembly and arrange the disassembled parts neatly. This will help avoid mismating of the parts later.

Put the alignment marks, punch marks, etc. where performance and appearance will not be affected.

Cover the area left open after removal of parts to keep it free from dust.

- Take care to avoid mixing up numerous parts, similar parts, left and right, etc.
- Keep new parts for replacement and original (removed) parts separate.



Apply the specified oil or grease to U-packings, oil seals, dust seals and bearings during assembly.

Use only the specified oil, grease, etc. for lubricant, remove the excess immediately after application with a clean rag, etc.

CAUTION / -

When the specified lubricant, fluid and sealant is not available, you may use an equivalent.



Wear goggles when using a grinder or welder. Pay full attention to safety by wearing gloves when necessary. Watch out for sharp edges, etc. that might injure your hands or fingers.



Before carrying out maintenance work on the electric system, disconnect the negative terminal from the batteries to prevent them from shortcircuiting.

CAUTION / -

Be sure to turn starter and lighting switches, etc. off before disconnecting or connecting battery terminals, because the semiconductors can become damaged.

PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE OPERATION



Take care when handling sensors, relays, etc. which are vulnerable to shock and heat. Do not attempt to remove the cover from, or apply paint to, the electronic control unit.



Pull the connector, and not the harness lead, to separate connectors. To separate a lock-type connector, first push toward arrow mark. To reconnect a lock-type connector, press the separated parts until they click together.



When washing the vehicle, cover the electric system parts and instruments with waterproof material beforehand (Cover with vinyl sheet or the like). Keep water away from harness wire connectors and sensors. If any of them should get wet, wipe them off immediately.



When using an electric welder, such electronic parts that are directly connected to the batteries might be damaged due to the flow of current from the welder that flows through the negative circuit. Parts that have switches might be subject to the same danger if the switches are left on. Therefore, do not fail to observe the following.

- A: Welder
- **B** : Connect the negative terminal of the welder as near as possible to the area that is to be welded.
- C : Disconnect the negative cable at the batteries.
 - 🗂 Gr 54 (130)

- Disconnect the negative terminals of batteries.
- Disconnect connections between the cab harness wires and the chassis harness wires.



To apply voltage for testing, check that the positive and negative cables are connected properly, then increase voltage gradually from 0 volt. Do not apply voltage higher than the specified value.

In particular, pay close attention to the electronic control unit and sensors, since they are not always fed by battery voltage.



When using testers or the like for continuity tests, be careful not to allow test probes to touch the wrong terminals.

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