# SUZUKI OUTBOARD MOTOR



# SERVICE MANUAL



# **FOREWORD**

This manual contains an introductory description of the SUZUKI DF300 Outboard motor and procedures for inspection, service and overhaul of their main components.

General knowledge information is not included.

Please read the GENERAL INFORMATION section to familiarize yourself with basic information concerning this motor. Read and refer to the other sections in this manual for information regarding proper inspection and service procedures.

This manual will help you better understand this outboard motor, assisting you in providing your customers with optimum and quick service.

- This manual has been prepared using the latest information available at the time of publication.
  - Differences may exist between the content of this manual and the actual outboard motor.
- Illustrations in this manual are used to show the basic principles of operation and work procedures and may not represent the actual outboard motor in exact detail.
- This manual is intended for use by technicians who already possess the basic knowledge and skills to service SUZUKI outboard motors.

Persons without such knowledge and skills should not attempt to service SUZUKI outboard engines by relying on this manual only and should contact an authorized SUZUKI outboard motor dealer.

#### **▲** WARNING

Apprentice mechanics or do-it-yourself mechanics that don't have the proper tools and equipment may not be able to properly perform the services described in this manual.

Improper repair may result in injury to the mechanic and may render the engine unsafe for the boat operator and passengers.

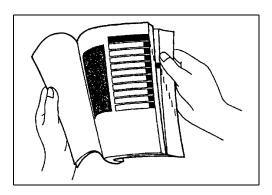
#### NOTE:

This manual is compiled based on 2007 (K7) model.

# **GROUP INDEX** GENERAL INFORMATION PERIODIC MAINTENANCE ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM ENGINE ELECTRICAL **FUEL SYSTEM POWER UNIT** MID UNIT **POWER TRIM AND TILT** LOWER UNIT [Standard rotation (Right-hand) model] LOWER UNIT [Counter rotation (Left-hand) model] WIRE/HOSE ROUTING DF300 "K8" (2008) MODEL DF300 "K9" (2009) MODEL

# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL TO LOCATE WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR:

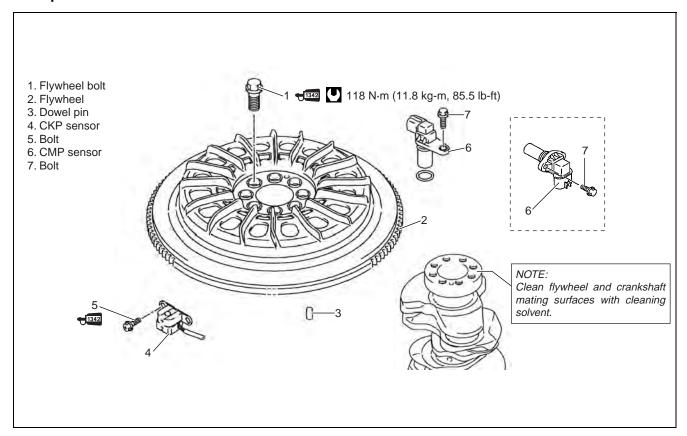
- 1. The text of this manual is divided into sections.
- 2. The section titles are listed on the previous page in a GROUP INDEX. Select the section needed for reference.
- 3. Holding the manual as shown at the right will allow you to find the first page of the section easily.
- 4. The first page of each section contains a table of contents to easily locate the item and page you need.



# COMPONENT PARTS AND IMPORTANT ITEM ILLUSTRATIONS

Under the name of each system or unit, an exploded view is provided with work instructions and other service information such as the tightening torque, lubrication and locking agent points.

#### Example:



# **SYMBOL**

Listed in the table below are the symbols indicating instructions and other important information necessary for proper servicing. Please note the definition for each symbol. You will find these symbols used throughout this manual. Refer back to this table if you are not sure of any symbol(s) meanings.

SYMBOL	DEFINITION	SYMBOL	DEFINITION
U	Torque control required. Data beside it indicates specified torque.	Si SEAL	Apply SUZUKI SILICONE SEAL.
P	Apply oil. Use the engine oil unless otherwise specified.	1342	Apply THREAD LOCK "1342".
M/O	Apply molybdenum oil solution. (Mixture of engine oil and SUZUKI MOLY PASTE in a ratio of 1 : 1)	1333	Apply THREAD LOCK SUPER "1333B".
Gear OIL	Apply SUZUKI OUTBOARD MOTOR GEAR OIL.	DCV DCV	Measure in DC voltage range.
FAH	Apply SUZUKI SUPER GREASE "A".	Ω	Measure in resistance range.
<b>≠</b> MH	Apply SUZUKI MOLY PASTE. 99000-25140	☐ CONTI	Measure in continuity test range.
W/R G's	Apply SUZUKI WATER RESISTANT GREASE.	☐ CD777	Use peak voltmeter "Stevens CD-77".
1104	Apply SUZUKI BOND "1104".	TOOL	Use special tool.
1207B	Apply SUZUKI BOND "1207B".		

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

Abbreviations used in this service manual are as follows:

BCM : Boat Control Module
BTDC : Before Top Dead Center

CKP : Crankshaft position
CMP : Camshaft position
CTP : Close Throttle position

DBW : Drive By Wire DC : Direct Current

DOHC : Double Over Head Camshaft

ECM : Engine Control Module
ETV : Electronic Throttle Valve
ESA : Electronic Shift Actuator

EX (Ex.) : Exhaust

IAT : Intake Air Temperature

IN (In.) : Intake

LPS : Lever Position sensor

MAP : Manifold absolute pressure

OCV : Oil control valve

PCV : Positive Crankcase Ventilation

PORT : Port

PTT : Power Trim & Tilt

SPC system: SUZUKI Precision Control system

SPS : Shift Position Sensor

STBD : Starboard

TPS : Throttle Position Sensor

VSV : Vacuum switching valve VVT : Variable Valve Timing

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

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C		 	 r.

CONTENTO	
WARNING/CAUTION/NOTE	1- 2
GENERAL PRECAUTIONS	1- 2
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER LOCATION	1- 4
FUEL AND OIL	1- 5
GASOLINE RECOMMENDATION	1- 5
ENGINE OIL	1- 5
ENGINE BREAK-IN	1- 6
WARM-UP RECOMMENDATION	1- 6
THROTTLE RECOMMENDATION	1- 6
PROPELLERS	1- 7
POWERHEAD DIRECTION OF ROTATION	1- 8
SUZUKI PRECISION CONTROL SYSTEM	1- 8
CYLINDER NUMBER	1- 8
SPECIFICATIONS	1- 9
SERVICE DATA	1-12
TIGHTENING TORQUE	1-19
SPECIAL TOOLS	1-21
MATERIALS REQUIRED	1-25

# WARNING/CAUTION/NOTE

Please read this manual and follow its instructions carefully. To emphasize special information, the symbol and the words WARNING, CAUTION and NOTE have special meanings. Pay special attention to the messages highlighted by these signal words.

# **▲** WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in death or injury.

#### CAUTION

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in motor damage.

#### NOTE:

Indicates special information to make maintenance easier or instructions clearer.

Please note, however, that the warnings and cautions contained in this manual cannot possibly cover all potential hazards relating to the servicing, or lack of servicing, of the outboard motor. In addition to the WARNING and CAUTION stated, you must also use good judgment and observe basic mechanical safety principles.

# GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

### **▲** WARNING

- Proper service and repair procedures are important for the safety of the service mechanic and the safety and reliability of the outboard motor.
- To avoid eye injury, always wear protective goggles when filing metals, working on a grinder, or doing other work, which could cause flying material particles.
- When two or more persons work together, pay attention to the safety of each other.
- When it is necessary to run the outboard motor indoors, make sure that exhaust gas is vented outdoors.
- When testing an outboard motor in the water and on a boat, ensure that the necessary safety equipment is on board. Such equipment includes: flotation aids for each person, fire extinguisher, distress signals, anchor, paddles, bilge pump, first aid kit, emergency starter rope,
- When working with toxic or flammable materials, make sure that the area you work in is well ventilated and that you follow all of the material manufacturer's instructions.
- Never use gasoline as a cleaning solvent.
- To avoid getting burned, do not touch the engine, engine oil or exhaust system during or shortly after engine operation.
- Oil can be hazardous. Children and pets may be harmed from contact with oil. Keep new and used oil away from children and pets. To minimize your exposure to oil, wear a long sleeve shirt and moisture-proof gloves (such as dishwashing gloves) when changing oil. If oil contacts your skin, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Launder any clothing or rags if wet with oil. Recycle or properly dispose of used oil.
- After servicing fuel, oil/engine cooling system and exhaust system, check all lines and fittings related to the system for leaks.
- Carefully adhere to the battery handling instructions laid out by the battery supplier.

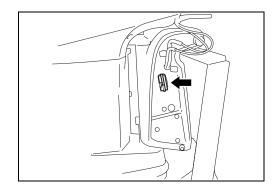
#### CAUTION

- If parts replacement is necessary, replace the parts with Suzuki Genuine Parts or their equivalent.
- When removing parts that are to be reused, keep them arranged in an orderly manner so that they may be reinstalled in the proper order and orientation.
- Be sure to use special tools where instructed.
- Make sure that all parts used in assembly are clean and also lubricated when specified.
- When use of a certain type of lubricant, bond or sealant is specified, be sure to use the specified type.
- When removing the battery, disconnect the negative cable first and then the positive cable. When reconnecting the battery, connect the positive cable first and then the negative cable.
- When performing service to electrical parts, if the service procedures do not require using battery power, disconnect the negative cable at the battery.
- Tighten cylinder head and case bolts and nuts, beginning with larger diameter and ending with smaller diameter. Always tighten from inside to outside diagonally to the specified tightening torque.
- Whenever you remove oil seals, gaskets, packing, O-rings, locking washers, locking nuts, cotter pins, circlips, and certain other parts as specified, always replace them with new. Also, before installing these new parts, be sure to remove any left over material from the mating surfaces.
- Never reuse a circlip. When installing a new circlip, take care not to expand the end gap larger than required to slip the circlip over the shaft. After installing a circlip, always ensure that it is completely seated in its groove and securely fitted.
- Use a torque wrench to tighten fasteners to the torque values when specified.
- Remove grease or oil from screw/bolt threads unless a lubricant is specified.
- After assembly, check parts for tightness and operation.
- . To protect the environment, do not unlawfully dispose of used motor oil, other fluids and batteries.
- To protect the Earth's natural resources, properly dispose of used motor parts.

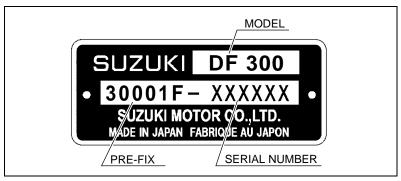
# **IDENTIFICATION NUMBER LOCATION**

#### MODEL, PRE-FIX, SERIAL NUMBER

The MODEL, PRE-FIX and SERIAL NUMBER of motor are stamped on a plate attached to the clamp bracket.

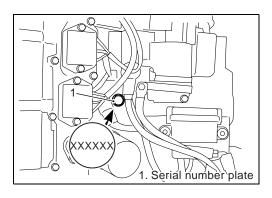


# **Example**



#### **ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER**

A second engine serial number plate is pressed into a boss on the cylinder block.



# **FUEL AND OIL GASOLINE RECOMMENDATION**

Suzuki highly recommends that you use alcohol-free unleaded gasoline with a minimum pump octane rating of 87 (R/2+M/2 method) or 91 (Research method). However, blends of unleaded gasoline and alcohol with equivalent octane content may be used.

Allowable maximum blend of a single additive (not combination): 5% Methanol, 10% Ethanol, 15% MTBE

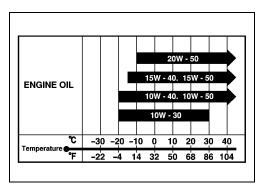
#### CAUTION

If leaded gasoline is used, engine damage may result. Use only unleaded gasoline.

#### **ENGINE OIL**

Use only oils that are rated SE, SF, SG, SH or SJ under the API (American Petroleum Institute) classification system or NMMA FC-W classification system.

The viscosity rating should be SAE (or NMMA FC-W) 10W-40. If SAE (or NMMA FC-W) 10W-40 motor oil is not available, select an alternative according to the chart at right.



# **ENGINE BREAK-IN**

The first 10 hours are critically important to ensure correct running of either a brand new motor or a motor that has been reconditioned or rebuilt. How the motor is operated during this time will have direct bearing on its life span and long-term durability.

Break-in period: 10 hours

#### WARM-UP RECOMMENDATION

Allow sufficient idling time (more than 5 minutes) for the engine to warm up after cold engine starting.

# THROTTLE RECOMMENDATION

#### NOTE:

Avoid maintaining a constant engine speed for an extended period at any time during the engine break-in by varying the throttle position occasionally.

#### 1. FIRST 2 HOURS

For first 15 minutes, operate the engine in-gear at idling speed.

During the remaining 1 hour and 45 minutes, operate the engine in-gear at less than 1/2 (half) throttle (3 000 r/min).

#### NOTE:

The throttle may be briefly opened beyond the recommended setting to plane the boat, but must be reduced to the recommended setting immediately after planning.

#### 2. NEXT 1 HOUR

Operate the engine in-gear at less than 3/4 (three-quarter) throttle (4 000 r/min).

#### 3. LAST 7 HOURS

Operate the engine in-gear at desired engine speed. However, do not operate continuously at full throttle for more than 5 minutes.

# **PROPELLERS**

An outboard motor is designed to develop its rated power within a specified engine speed range. The maximum rated power delivered by the DF300 model is shown below.

Recommended full	DF300	5 700 – 6 300 r/min	
throttle speed range	DF300	5 700 <b>-</b> 6 300 1/111111	

If the standard propeller fails to meet the above requirement, use another pitch propeller to hold the engine speed within the range specified above.

#### Propeller selection chart

Right-hand rotation models					
Blad	Blade × Dia. (in.) × Pitch (in.)				
3	×	16	×	17	
3	×	16	×	18 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	20	
3	×	16	×	21 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	23	
3	×	16	×	24 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	26	
3	×	16	×	27 and 1/2	

Counter rotation models					
Blad	Blade × Dia. (in.) × Pitch (in.)				
3	×	16	×	17	
3	×	16	×	18 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	20	
3	×	16	×	21 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	23	
3	×	16	×	24 and 1/2	
3	×	16	×	26	

# CAUTION

Installing a propeller with pitch either too high or too low will cause incorrect maximum engine speed, which may result in severe damage to the motor.

#### NOTE:

In the case of twin installation, always use, the same size righthand rotation and counter-rotation propellers on both engine.

### POWERHEAD DIRECTION OF ROTATION

This outboard motor is designed with a L.H. (left hand) rotation powerhead utilizing an offset crankshaft.

This design has the advantage of reducing the size of the motor and keeping the overall motor's weight closer to the boat transom and therefore closer to the boat C/G (Center of Gravity).

Rotation of the driveshaft is accomplished through a crankshaft drive gear and a driveshaft driven gear.

These gears are located beneath the powerhead in the same oil bath location as the camshaft chain.

As the rotational direction of the driven gear will be opposite of the drive gear, a left-hand rotation powerhead design was adopted to retain a conventional, standard rotation (right-hand) propeller shaft output.

# SUZUKI PRECISION CONTROL SYSTEM

New for Suzuki is the Precision Control System, which electronically controls the throttle and shift systems.

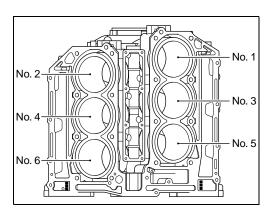
This system uses wires in places of the mechanical cables to control the throttle and shift function. In this system the remote control sends an electronic signal to actuators on the outboard engine. These actuators activate the shift and throttle movement. With this system, smooth, accurate control is achieved and boat rigging is simplified.

#### **▲** WARNING

Electronic calibration is required before use. After installation of this product, the Suzuki Precision Control System requires electronic calibration, only by a person who has been specifically trained in the Suzuki Precision Control System. Improper electronic calibration of the system will make this product and/or the system inoperable or unsafe for use.

# CYLINDER NUMBER

Cylinder number is as mentioned in the right figure.



# \* SPECIFICATIONS

\* These specifications are subject to change without notice.

Item	Unit	Data	
	Offic	DF300T	DF300Z
PRE-FIX		30001F	30001Z

#### **DIMENSIONS & WEIGHT**

Overall length (front to back)		mm (in)	953 (37.5)
Overall width (side to side)		mm (in)	564 (22.2)
Overall height	Х	mm (in)	1 889 (74.4)
	XX	mm (in)	2 016 (79.4)
Weight (without engine oil)	Х	kg (lbs)	274 (604)
	XX	kg (lbs)	279 (615)
Transom height	Х	mm (in. type)	635 (25)
	XX	mm (in. type)	762 (30)

#### **PERFORMANCE**

Maximum output	kW (PS)	220.7 (300)
Recommended operating range	r/min	5 700 – 6 300
Idle speed	r/min	650 ± 50 (in-gear: Approx. 650)

# **POWER HEAD**

Engine type		4-stroke DOHC	
Number of cylinders		V-6	
Bore	mm (in)	98 (3.86)	
Stroke	mm (in)	89 (3.50)	
Total displacement	cm³ (cu. in)	4 028 (245.6)	
Compression ratio	:1	9.5	
Spark plug	NGK	BKR6E	
Ignition system		Full-transistorized ignition	
Fuel supply system		Multi-point sequential electronic fuel injection	
Exhaust system		Through prop exhaust	
Cooling system		Water cooled	
Lubrication system		Wet sump by trochoid pump	
Starting system		Electric	
Throttle control		Electronic remote control	

Item Unit	Data		
Item	Offic	DF300T	DF300Z

# **FUEL & OIL**

Fuel		Suzuki highly recommends that you use alcohol-free unleaded gasoline with a minimum pump octane rating of 87 (R/2+M/2 method) or 91 (Research method). However, blends of unleaded gasoline and alcohol with equivalent octane content may be used.	
Engine oil		<ul> <li>API classification : SE, SF, SG, SH, SJ or NMMA FC-W classification : SE, SF, SG, SH, SJ</li> <li>Viscosity rating : SAE 10W-40 or NMMA FC-W 10W-40</li> </ul>	
Engine oil amounts L (US/Imp. qt)		8.0 (8.5/7.0) : Oil change only 8.2 (8.7/7.2) : Oil filter change	
Gear oil		SUZUKI Outboard Motor Gear Oil (SAE #90 hypoid gear oil)	
Gearcase oil amounts ml (US/Imp. oz)		1 100 (37.2/38.7)	

# **BRACKET**

Trim angle	degree	0 – 19 (PTT system)
Number of trim position		PTT system
Maximum tilt angle	degree	70

# **LOWER UNIT**

Shift control	Electronic remote control			
Reversing system	Gear			
Transmission	Forward-Neutral-Reverse			
Reduction system	Bevel gear			
Gear ratio	12 : 20 (1.67)			
Drive line impact protection	Spline drive rubber hub			
Propeller shaft rotation (when shift into forward)	DF300T : Clockwise DF300Z : Counterclockwise			
Propeller	Right-hand rotation models			
	Blade × Dia. (in.) × Pitch (in.)			
	3 x 16 x 17 3 x 16 x 18 and 1/2 3 x 16 x 20 3 x 16 x 21 and 1/2 3 x 16 x 23 3 x 16 x 24 and 1/2 3 x 16 x 26 3 x 16 x 27 and 1/2			

ltom	Unit	Data	
Item	Offic	DF300T	DF300Z

# **LOWER UNIT**

Propeller	Counter rotation models
	Blade × Dia. (in.) × Pitch (in.)
	3 × 16 × 17
	3 × 16 × 18 and 1/2
	3 × 16 × 20
	$3 \times 16 \times 21 \text{ and } 1/2$
	3 × 16 × 23
	$3 \times 16 \times 24 \text{ and } 1/2$
	3 × 16 × 26

# **REDUCTION SYSTEM**

1st reduction gear ratio (Crankshaft drive gear: Driven gear)	32 : 40 (1.25)	
2nd reduction gear ratio (Lower unit gear)	12 : 20 (1.67)	
Total reduction gear ratio	2.08 (40/32 × 20/12)	

# \* SERVICE DATA

\* These service data are subject to change without notice.

ltom	Unit	Data
item		DF300T/Z

# **POWERHEAD**

Recommended operating range	r/min	5 700 – 6 300
Idle speed	r/min	650 ± 50 (in-gear: Approx. 650)
**Cylinder compression	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	1 100 – 1 500 (11 – 15, 156 – 213)
**Cylinder compression max. difference between cylinders	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	100 (1.0, 14)
**Engine oil pressure	kPa (kg/cm², psi)	400 - 600 (4.0 - 6.0, 57 - 85) at 3 000 r/min (at normal operating temp.)
Engine oil		API classification : SE, SF, SG, SH, SJ or NMMA FC-W classification : SE, SF, SG, SH, SJ     Viscosity rating : SAE 10W-40 or NMMA FC-W 10W-40
Engine oil amounts	L (US/lpm. qt))	8.0 (8.5/7.0) : Oil change only 8.2 (8.7/7.2) : Oil filter change
Thermostat operating temperature	°C (°F)	58 – 62 (136 – 144)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Figures shown are guidelines only, not absolute service limits.

	tom	Unit	Data
'	tem	Unit	DF300T/Z

# **CYLINDER HEAD/CAMSHAFT**

Cylinder head distortion		Limit	mm (in)	0.03 (0.001)
Manifold seating faces distortion		Limit	mm (in)	0.10 (0.004)
Cam height	IN	STD	mm (in)	45.330 – 45.490 (1.7846 – 1.7909)
		Limit	mm (in)	45.230 (1.7807)
	EX	STD	mm (in)	44.420 – 44.580 (1.7488 – 1.7551)
		Limit	mm (in)	44.320 (1.7449)
Camshaft journal oil clearance	Top, 2nd,	STD	mm (in)	0.043 - 0.085 (0.0017 - 0.0033)
	3rd, 4th	Limit	mm (in)	0.120 (0.0047)
(housing) inside diameter 2nd 3rd	Top, 2nd,	STD	mm (in)	26.000 – 26.021 (1.0236 – 1.0244)
	3rd, 4th	Limit	mm (in)	_
Camshaft journal outside diameter	Top, 2nd, 3rd, 4th	STD	mm (in)	25.936 – 25.957 (1.0211 – 1.0219)
		Limit	mm (in)	_
Camshaft runout		Limit	mm (in)	0.10 (0.004)
Cylinder head bore to t	appet	STD	mm (in)	0.025 - 0.066 (0.0010 - 0.0026)
clearance		Limit	mm (in)	0.150 (0.0059)
Tappet outer diameter		STD	mm (in)	33.959 – 33.975 (1.3370 – 1.3376)
Cylinder head bore		STD	mm (in)	34.000 – 34.025 (1.3386 – 1.3396)

Itom	Unit	Data
ltem		DF300T/Z

# **VALVE/VALVE GUIDE**

Valve diameter		IN	mm (in)	37.9 (1.49)
		EX	mm (in)	31.4 (1.24)
Tappet clearance (Cold engine condition)	IN	STD	mm (in)	0.23 – 0.27 (0.009 – 0.011)
(	EX	STD	mm (in)	0.33 – 0.37 (0.013 – 0.015)
Valve seat angle	IN		_	15°, 45°, 60°
	EX		<del>_</del>	15°, 45°, 60°
Valve guide to valve	IN	STD	mm (in)	0.020 - 0.047 (0.0008 - 0.0019)
stem clearance	IIN	Limit	mm (in)	0.070 (0.0028)
	EX	STD	mm (in)	0.045 - 0.072 (0.0018 - 0.0028)
	ΕX	Limit	mm (in)	0.090 (0.0035)
Valve guide inside diameter	IN, EX	STD	mm (in)	5.500 – 5.512 (0.2165 – 0.2170)
Valve guide protrusion	IN, EX	STD	mm (in)	11.4 – 11.8 (0.45 – 0.46)
Valve stem outside	IN	STD	mm (in)	5.465 - 5.480 (0.2152 - 0.2157)
diameter	EX	STD	mm (in)	5.440 - 5.455 (0.2142 - 0.2148)
Valve stem deflection	IN	Limit	mm (in)	0.14 (0.006)
	EX	Limit	mm (in)	0.18 (0.007)
Valve stem runout	IN, EX	Limit	mm (in)	0.05 (0.002)
Valve head radial runout	IN, EX	Limit	mm (in)	0.08 (0.003)
Valve head thickness	INI	STD	mm (in)	1.1 (0.04)
	IN	Limit	mm (in)	0.7 (0.03)
	EV.	STD	mm (in)	1.05 (0.04)
	EX	Limit	mm (in)	0.7 (0.03)
Valve seat contact	IN	STD	mm (in)	1.1 – 1.3 (0.04 – 0.05)
width	EX	STD	mm (in)	1.1 – 1.3 (0.04 – 0.05)
Valve spring free length		STD	mm (in)	39.75 (1.56)
		Limit	mm (in	38.2 (1.50)
Valve spring tension		STD	N (kg, lbs)	147 – 173 (14.7 – 17.3, 32.3 – 38.1) for 31.1 mm (1.22 in)
		Limit	N (kg, lbs)	136 (13.6, 29.2) for 31.1 mm (1.22 in)
Valve spring squareness		Limit	mm (in)	2.0 (0.08)

Itom	l lm is	Data
ltem	Unit	DF300T/Z

# CYLINDER/PISTON/PISTON RING

Cylinder distortion		Limit	mm (in)	0.03 (0.001)
· -		STD	mm (in)	0.085 - 0.105 (0.0033 - 0.0041)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.15 (0.0059)
Cylinder bore STD		STD	mm (in)	98.000 - 98.020 (3.8583 - 3.8591)
Cylinder measuring position		mm (in)	50 (1.969) from cylinder top surface	
Piston skirt diameter STD		mm (in)	97.905 – 97.925 (3.8545 – 3.8553)	
Piston measuring position		mm (in)	11 (0.43) from piston skirt end	
Cylinder bore wear Lim		Limit	mm (in)	0.100 (0.0039)
Piston ring end gap	1st	STD	mm (in)	0.20 - 0.33 (0.008 - 0.013)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.70 (0.028)
	2nd	STD	mm (in)	0.33 – 0.48 (0.013 – 0.019)
		Limit	mm (in)	1.00 (0.039)
Piston ring free end gap	1st	STD	mm (in)	Approx. 13.6 (0.54)
		Limit	mm (in)	10.9 (0.43)
	2nd	STD	mm (in)	Approx. 13.7 (0.54)
		Limit	mm (in)	10.9 (0.43)
Piston ring to groove clearance	1st	STD	mm (in)	0.030 - 0.080 (0.0012 - 0.0031)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.12 (0.005)
	2nd	STD	mm (in)	0.020 - 0.060 (0.0008 - 0.0024)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.10 (0.004)
Piston ring groove width	1st	STD	mm (in)	1.22 – 1.25 (0.048 – 0.049)
	2nd	STD	mm (in)	1.21 – 1.23 (0.0476 – 0.0484)
	Oil	STD	mm (in)	2.51 – 2.53 (0.099 – 0.100)
Piston ring thickness	1st	STD	mm (in)	1.17 – 1.19 (0.046 – 0.047)
	2nd	STD	mm (in)	1.17 – 1.19 (0.046 – 0.047)
Pin clearance in piston pin hole		STD	mm (in)	0.006 - 0.021 (0.0002 - 0.0008)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.040 (0.0016)
Piston pin outside diameter STD Limit		STD	mm (in)	21.993 – 22.000 (0.8659 – 0.8661)
		Limit	mm (in)	21.980 (0.8654)
· -		STD	mm (in)	22.006 – 22.014 (0.8664 – 0.8667)
		Limit	mm (in)	22.030 (0.8673)
emall and		STD	mm (in)	0.010 - 0.025 (0.0004 - 0.0010)
		Limit	mm (in)	0.050 (0.0020)
Conrod small end bore S		STD	mm (in)	22.010 – 22.018 (0.8665 – 0.8668)

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