1

General information

Introduction

The 4006 and 4008 gas engines are a family of 6 and 8 cylinder turbocharged gas engines, designed by Perkins Engines Company Limited, Stafford, a world leader in the design and manufacture of high-performance gas engines. They form part of the 4000 Series range of engines.

Perkins approved assembly and quality standards, together with the latest technology, have been applied to the manufacture of your engine to give you reliable and economic power.

Most of the general information included in the relevant User's Handbook (Chapters 1 to 6) has not been repeated in this Workshop Manual. The two publications should be used together as references to the User's Handbook are made for certain operations.

When an anti-knock system is fitted refer to the Manual supplied by the manufacturer "Gas Engine Technology By".

To ensure that you use the relevant information for your specific engine type, refer to "Engine identification" on page 3.

The purpose of this manual is to enable the operator to carry out routine servicing of the engine. Before undertaking any such work the relevant chapter should be read and completely understood.

Users are respectfully advised that, in the interests of safety, it is their responsibility to employ competent persons to operate, maintain and service the equipment.

The information contained within this manual is based on that available at time of going to print. In line with Perkins Engines Company Limited, Stafford policy of continual development and improvement, that information may change at any time without notice. The engine user should therefore ensure that he has the latest information before starting work.

Special tools are required to perform certain operations. A list of those required for the operations described in this manual is given in Chapter 16, Special tools. Reference to the relevant special tools is also made at the beginning of each operation, along with those which are universally available (UA) and any additional specialist supplied equipment (SP) required.

Operators who are not equipped to undertake major repairs are urged to consult their Perkins distributor.

Torque settings and Wear and renewal limits for specific components are provided in Chapter 2, Specifications. Reference should be made to these where indicated in the manual.

Oil change intervals may be changed according to operating experience by agreement with Perkins Engines Company Limited, Stafford and subject to oil analysis being carried out at regular intervals.

Read and remember the "Safety precautions" on page 4. They are given for your own protection and must be observed at all times.

Continued

If any doubt exists regarding the installation, use or application of the engine, the Installation Manual should be consulted. For further advice contact the Applications department at Perkins Engines Company Limited, Stafford.

Please quote the engine type and serial number with all your enquiries. The type and serial number are on a plate fitted to the crankcase.

In addition to the general safety precautions, danger to both operator and engine are highlighted by the following conventions:

Warning! This indicates that there is a possible danger to the person (or the person and engine).

Caution: This indicates that there is a possible danger to the engine.

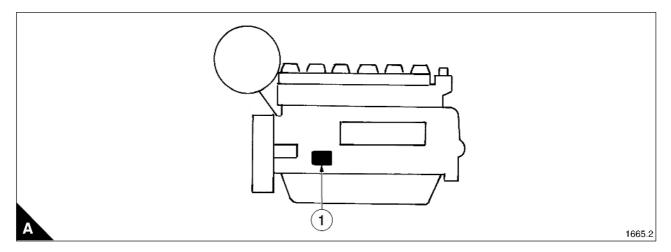
Note: Is used where the information is important, but there is not a danger.

Engine identification

The engine number and its build specification details are given on its data plate (A1) which is fitted to the right side of the crankcase by the oil filters.

A reference code and engine description is given in the table below.

Reference Code	Description
4006TESI 200 LC	6 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of 200g/GJ or less.
4006TESI 140 LC	6 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 140g/GJ.
4006TESI 140 HC	6 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 140g/GJ, and higher thermal efficiency than the 4006TESI 140 LC.
4006TESI 90 HC	6 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 90g/GJ.
4008TESI 200 LC	8 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of 200g/GJ or less.
4008TESI 140 LC	8 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 140g/GJ.
4008TESI 140 HC	8 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 140g/GJ, and higher thermal efficiency than the 4006TESI 140 LC.
4008TESI 90 HC	8 cylinder, in-line, 4 stroke, turbocharged, spark ignition gas engine, with water based engine coolant and oil cooler, raw water pump and separate cooling system for charge air intercooler. With NOx emission of less than 90g/GJ.



Safety precautions

General

For safe and reliable operation of the engine it is very important that these safety precautions, and those **Warnings** and **Cautions** given throughout this manual, are observed, and where necessary the special tools indicated are used.

All safety precautions should be read and understood before operating or servicing the engine.

Improper operation or maintenance procedures are dangerous and could result in accidents, injury or death.

The operator should check before beginning an operation that all the basic safety precautions have been carried out to prevent accidents occurring.

You must also refer to the local regulations in the country of use.

Note: Some items only apply to specific applications.

Guards

 Ensure that guards are fitted over exposed rotating parts, hot surfaces, air intakes, belts or live electrical terminals (high and low tension).

Protection equipment

- Ensure that correct protection equipment is worn at all times.
- Always wear protective gloves when using inhibitors or anti-freeze, removing the pressure cap from the radiator or heat exchanger filler, changing the lubricating oil/filter or changing the electrolyte in the battery.
- Always wear ear protection when working in an enclosed engine room.
- Always wear suitable eye protection when using an air pressure line.
- Always wear protective boots when working on the engine.
- Always wear protective headgear when working on or underneath the engine.

Naked flames

 Ensure that no smoking or naked flames are lit when checking battery electrolyte, working in the engine room or when operating or servicing the engine.

Fuel/oil pipes

- Ensure that all pipes are regularly checked for leaks.
- Ensure that all pipes and the surrounding area are regularly checked for spilt oil (and cleaned up where necessary).
- Always apply suitable barrier cream to hands before any work is carried out.

Gas pipes

- Always check for gas/air mixture leaks.
- Ensure that the gas line and valves meet local safety standards.
- Ensure that the gas line pressure is correct.

Shutdown equipment

- · Always test that the protection system is working correctly.
- When stopping the engine in case of overspeed, high water temperature or low oil pressure should be provided.
- For heat sensors, methane and smoke protectors should be provided (if applicable).
- Always be in a position to stop the engine (even remotely).

Start-up

- When working on the engine always ensure that the battery has been disconnected, and that any other means of accidental start-up has been disabled.
- Never start the engine with the governor linkage disconnected.
- Do not hold the stop lever in the run position when starting the engine.
- Always hold the stop lever in the stop position when cranking only.

Electrical equipment

- Always check that electrics are earthed to local safety standards.
- Always disconnect the electrical supply to the jacket water heater (if fitted) before working on the engine.
- Take care to prevent any danger of electric shock.
- Never re-adjust the settings of electronic equipment without reference to the Workshop Manual.

Freezing or heating components

Always use heat resistant gloves and use the correct handling equipment.

Exhaust system

- · Check the system for leaks.
- Ensure that the engine room is correctly ventilated.
- Check that all the guards are fitted.
- Check that the pipework allows the exhaust gas to escape upwards.
- Check that the pipework is supported.

Stopping the engine

- 1 Disengage the engine load.
- 2 Run the engine on NO LOAD for 5 to 7 minutes before stopping.

Note: This will allow the circulating lubricating oil to dissipate heat from the bearings, pistons, etc. It will also allow the turbochargers, which run at a very high speed, to slow down while there is still oil flow through the bearings.

Ensure that the engine is stopped before performing any of the following operations:

- Changing the lubricating oil.
- Filling or topping up the cooling system.
- Beginning any repair work on the engine.
- Adjusting belts (where fitted).
- Adjusting bridge pieces / valve clearance.
- Changing spark plugs.
- Changing air or oil filters.
- Tightening any fixing bolts.

Flammable fluids

- Ensure that these are never stored near the engine.
- Ensure that they are never used near a naked light.

Clothing

- Do not wear loose clothing, ties, jewellery, etc.
- Always wear steel toe cap shoes/boots.
- Always wear the correct head, eye and ear protection.
- Always wear suitable overalls.
- Always replace a spillage contaminated overall immediately.

Lifting heavy components

- Always use the correct lifting equipment.
- Never work alone.
- Always wear a helmet, if the weight is above head height.

De-scaling solution

- Always wear both hand and eye protection when handling.
- Always wear overalls and correct footwear.

Waste disposal

- Do not leave oil covered cloths on or near the engine.
- Do not leave loose items on or near the engine.
- Always provide a fireproof container for oil contaminated cloths.

Note: Most accidents are caused by failure to observe basic safety precautions and can be prevented by recognising potentially dangerous situations before an accident occurs. While there are many potential hazards that can occur during the operation of the engine which cannot be always be anticipated, and thus a warning cannot be included to cover every possible circumstance that might involve a potential hazard, by following these basic principles the danger can be minimised.

Dangers from used engine oils

Prolonged and repeated contact with mineral oil will result in the removal of natural oils from the skin, leading to dryness, irritation and dermatitis. The oil also contains potentially harmful contaminants which may result in skin cancer.

Adequate means of skin protection and washing facilities should be readily available.

The following is a list of 'Health Protection Precautions', suggested to minimise the risk of contamination.

- 1 Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with used engine oils.
- 2 Wear protective clothing, including impervious gloves where necessary.
- 3 Do not put oily rags into pockets.
- 4 Avoid contaminating clothes, particularly underwear, with oil.
- 5 Overalls must be cleaned regularly. Discard unwashable clothing and oil impregnated footwear.
- 6 First aid treatment should be obtained immediately for open cuts and wounds.
- 7 Apply barrier creams before each period of work to aid the removal of mineral oil from the skin.
- 8 Wash with soap and hot water, or alternatively use a skin cleanser and a nail brush, to ensure that all oil is removed from the skin. Preparations containing lanolin will help replace the natural skin oils which have been removed.
- 9 Do NOT use petrol, kerosene, diesel fuel, thinners or solvents for washing the skin.
- 10 If skin disorder appears, medical advice must be taken.
- 11 Degrease components before handling if practicable.
- 12 Where there is the possibility of a risk to the eyes, goggles or a face shield should be worn. An eye wash facility should be readily available.

Environmental protection

There is legislation to protect the environment from the incorrect disposal of used lubricating oil. To ensure that the environment is protected, consult your Local Authority who can give advice.

Danger from 'fluorosilicone' (Viton) 'O' ring seals

All of the engines 'O' ring seals are made from fluorosilicone material.

It is a safe material under normal conditions of operation, but if it is burned the extremely dangerous hydroflouric acid is produced.

If it is necessary to come into contact with components which have been burnt, follow the precautions below:

- Allow the components to cool.
- Use Neoprene gloves and a face mask.
- Wash the contaminated area with a calcium hydroxide solution and then with clean water.
- Disposal of gloves and components which are contaminated must be in accordance with local regulations.

Caution: If there is contamination of the skin or eyes, wash the affected area with a continuous supply of clean water. Obtain immediate medical attention.

Practical information for cleaning components

Use suitable gloves for protection when components are degreased.

Keep the work area clean and ensure that components are protected from dirt and debris. Ensure that dirt does not contaminate the fuel system.

Before a component is removed from the engine, clean around the component and ensure that all openings, disconnected hoses and pipes are sealed.

Remove, clean and inspect each component carefully. If it useable, put it in a clean dry place until needed. Ball and roller bearings must be cleaned thoroughly and inspected. If the bearings are usable, they must be flushed in low viscosity oil and protected with clean paper until needed.

Before the components are assembled, ensure that the area is free from dust and dirt as possible. Inspect each component immediately before it is fitted, wash all pipes and ports, and pass dry compressed air through them before connections are made.

2

Specifications

Basic engine data

The figures quoted are based on 6 and 8 cylinder vertical, water cooled turbocharged, intercooled engines, set to meet the requirements of ISO 3046/1.

For full technical specifications refer to the relevant engine Technical Data sheet.

Refer also to "Engine specifications" in Chapter 1 of the User's Handbook.

General

Engine model	4006TESI LC 4006TESI HC	4008TESI LC 4008TESI HC	
Cycle	4 stroke spark ignition		
Configuration	In	-line	
Bore	160) mm	
Stroke	190) mm	
Cubic capacity	22,921 litres	30,561 litres	
Compression ratio	9.5:1 (LC),	11.5:1 (HC)	
Rotation	Anti-clockwise loo	king on flywheel end	
Firing order	1-5-3-6-2-4	1-4-7-6-8-5-2-3	
Cylinder numbering	Cylinder 1 furth	est from flywheel	
Injection timing	See engin	e nameplate	
Valve clearances (engine cold)	Exhaust and inle	t 0,40 mm (0.016")	
	m/s (ft/min)	Engine rpm	
Piston speeds	7,60 (1496)	1200	
	9,50 (1870)	1500	

Engine weight

Engine model	4006TESI LC 4006TESI HC	4008TESI LC 4008TESI HC
Dry weight (engine)	2420 kg	3350 kg
Dry weight (engine including charge cooler and wet exhaust manifolds)	2574 kg	3558 kg

Specific torque settings

Warning! It is essential that the correct length of screw or bolt is used. Insufficient thread may result in the thread being stripped. Excessive thread may result in bottoming in a blind hole or catching on adjacent components.

Cylinder head group

Description	Thread size	Torque tension	
Description		lbf ft	Nm
Cylinder head bolt ⁽¹⁾	M24	530	723
Rocker shaft capscrew and nut	M16	90	120
Rocker adjuster nut inlet/exhaust	M12	35	50
Rocker box capscrews	M10	50	70
Inlet manifold bolt	M10	35	50
Exhaust manifold bolt	M10	50	70
Turbocharger V-band clamp nuts	M8	8	11

⁽¹⁾ Cylinder head bolts to be lubricated under the heads, under the washers and on the threads with PBC (Poly-Butyl-Cuprysil) grease. All other bolt threads only to be lubricated with clean engine oil.

Crankcase and crankshaft groups

Description	Thread size	Torque tension	
Description		lbf ft	Nm
Main bearing bolt ⁽¹⁾	M24	580	783
Bolts sump to crankcase	M10	40	57
Connecting rod bolts (1)	M16	82	110
Connecting rod boits (5)	IVITO	and angle 60°	
Torsional vibration damper bolts	M12	120	160
Flywheel bolt	M16	250	340
TV Damper retaining plate	M16	250	340
Balance weight bolt	M16	250	340
Fan drive pulley bolts	M16	250	340
Piston cooling jet bolt	M10	7	10
Flywheel housing bolt	M10	35	50
Crankcase side bolts	M16	200	270

⁽¹⁾ Bolt and threads must be lubricated with clean engine oil.

Lubricating oil pump

Description	Thread size	Torque tension	
		lbf ft	Nm
Bolts, pump housing to gearcase plate	M10	35	50
Thin nut gear to drive shaft	M24	175	237

Camshaft group

Description	Thread size	Torque tension	
Description		lbf ft	Nm
Camshaft gear bolt	M12	110	150
Camshaft thrust plate bolt	M10	35	50
Camshaft follower housing capscrew	M10	50	70
Cam follower housing bolt	M10	35	50
Idler gear hub bolts	M10	35	50

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